

4: Education/Citizenship Badge

Easy as ABC - Question and Answers

1. Uganda is a country in...

- a. Europe
- b. Asia
- c. Africa

(Answer: C – Uganda is a country in eastern Africa with a population of 27 million and an area about the same as the UK.)

2. HIV/AIDS is...

- a. An organisation
- b. A disease
- c. A virus

(Answer: B and C – HIV is a virus which causes the disease AIDS. At present it is incurable but medication can help to prolong the lives of those who have the disease, although they are often expensive and have side-effects. The disease is primarily spread via sexual contact but can also be spread through needles or from mother to child whilst in the womb.)

3. In 2014 how many people were living with HIV/AIDS worldwide...

- a. 3 million
- b. 20 million
- c. 37 million

(Answer: C – 37 million worldwide live with HIV/AIDS. 3.2 million of these were children. (source www.aidsorphan.net)

4. What percentage of people with HIV/AIDS live in the developing world?

- a. 48%
- b. 95%
- c. 60%

(Answer: B – 95%. Seventy percent of all people with HIV/AIDS live in sub-Saharan Africa alone, that's some 28 million people.)

5. In 2015 how many children were orphaned by HIV/AIDS worldwide?

- a. 13.2 million
- b. 5.6 million
- c. 25 million

(Answer: C – 25 million children were estimated to have been orphaned. Over 15.7 million AIDS orphans live in Sub-Saharan Africa. (source www.aidsorphan.net)

6. What percentage of Uganda's 27 million population live with HIV/AIDS?

- a. 10%
- b. 1%
- c. 3%

(Answer: A – 10%; 2.7 million people.)

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7. HIV/AIDS infection rates can be reduced through...
- Reducing poverty
 - Education
 - Better healthcare and nutrition

(Answer: All 3 – HIV/AIDS is a disease exacerbated by poverty. Poverty means reduced access to healthcare, especially expensive drugs to treat the disease. As HIV/AIDS reduces the effectiveness of the body's immune system, poor nutrition leaves the body more susceptible to attacks of otherwise treatable diseases. A lack of education, not only leads to the creation of myths about the disease and those who have it, but can lead to increased infection rates as people are unaware of how the disease is spread. It is here the BB/GB in Uganda is providing valuable work.)

8. The BB/GB in Uganda has helped reduce the HIV infection rate from 30% to 8.5% through peer education using...
- Dance
 - poetry
 - Drama

(Answer: All 3 – Peer education is most effective when you use fun activities which people, and particularly young people, can relate to. For example Bob and Paul, whom we will meet later, use singing and drama.)